

Financial Results for the 1st Fiscal Period ("FP1")

Sakura Sogo REIT Investment Corporation (Securities code: 3473)

Fiscal Period ended 28 February 2017







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Section 1 – The Sponsors





Nippon Kanzai Co., Ltd.

The Nippon Kanzai Group, established in 1965, is headed by Nippon Kanzai Co. Ltd., one of the major companies involved in building management and operation in Japan offering a full-line of real estate management services. It is entrusted with the building management and operation of a variety of buildings including office buildings, condominiums and retail facilities in major cities across Japan and through its business operations, it has acquired extensive know-how in the building management and operation of buildings of various sizes, purpose of use and location.

Characteristics of Nippon Kanzai Group

- Provision of a Full-Line of Real Estate Management Services Its core business is building maintenance, however other related services include facilities management, cleaning, security and property management.
- High Level of Management

Nippon Kanzai Group is able to achieve industry best practice in terms of building maintenance and management by developing and leveraging its own original technology and databases described below.

Wide-Area Facility Management System WAFMTM

A network based system which enables even buildings located at distant sites to be monitored remotely 24 hours a day, 365 days a year.

LEAD-Web System

A portal site system which enables management information of multiple buildings to be shared with building owners and centrally managed.

Building Health Record

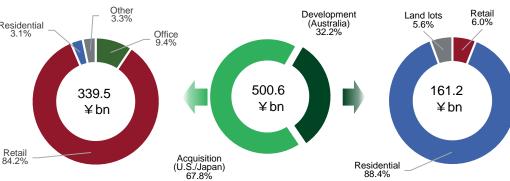
Nippon Kanzai Group's internal database consolidating the accumulated data on buildings under its management.

galileo

The Galileo Group is an independent Australian real estate and fund management business with an extensive track record in real estate investment and developments in Australia, Japan and the U.S. The Group has significant real estate capital markets experience with senior personnel having been directly involved in the IPO and ongoing management of listed REITs for over 20 years. The Group commenced operations in Japan in 2006.

Track Record of Galileo Group

2006 2016 2003 Established an Australian Established a REIT listed on listed REIT (investment Tokyo Stock Exchange target: Japanese diversified (investment target: Japanese arget: U.S. shopping centres portfolio) diversified portfolio) Acquisitions by Asset Type ■ Galileo Group's Acquisitions
■ Development by Asset (U.S./Japan) and Developments (Global) Type (Australia) Other 3.3% Development Land lots (Australia) 32.2% Residential



Source: Galileo Group - Cumulative figures from 2003 to September 30, 2016



Leverage off of the complementary skill sets of Nippon Kanzai and Galileo Group

Sakura Real Estate Funds Management, Inc. ("the Asset Management Company") receives extensive support for external and internal growth based on the Sponsor Support Agreement executed with Nippon Kanzai and Galileo Group¹

Support Provided				
	Provision of sales information on properties held and granting of first refusal rights Provision of information on external properties			
External Growth Support	Provision of warehousing functions Gathering of information on the real estate transaction market and provision of results of analyses			
	Examining joint ownership of properties Provision of advice on investment strategies and global offerings			
	Provision of advice on the management and operation of properties			
Internal Growth Support	Support and cooperation with sourcing, redevelopment and renovations Dispatching seconded staff and other human resource support			

Same Boat Investment by the Nippon Kanzai Group and Galileo Group

Both sponsors² acquired investment units of the Investment Corporation at the time of IPO in order to align their interests with those of the unitholders'. As a result, each owns 2.6% of investment units issued and outstanding (5.2% in total by both sponsors)



Investment in the Investment Corporation by Nippon Kanzai Group











¹ "Nippon Kanzai Group's core companies" means Nippon Kanzai and Tokyo Capital Management

² "Sponsors" means Nippon Kanzai, Tokyo Capital Management and Galileo which have executed a Sponsor Support Agreement

Overview

- Flexible investments possible with respect to asset type and location enabling the Asset Management Company to enhance unitholder value
- Able to reduce portfolio concentration risks by aiming to diversify the portfolio by sector, location, tenant and lease type
- Ongoing review of real estate market trends to identify potential new, and optimize existing revenue streams
- Pursue opportunities to actively recycle capital to enhance unitholder returns

Investment Ratio by Asset Type1

	Investment Ratio by Asset Type	Characteristics of Asset Type
Growth	Office 30~60%	 During economic expansion, up-side potential can be capitalized on By targeting B-grade office buildings for investment, it is possible to pursue a large number of investment opportunities that offer relatively high liquidity and tenant diversity
	Residential 10~30%	 Rental demand and rent rates are relatively stable irrespective of economic changes and tenants are diversified making residential housing suitable as a medium to long-term stable investment
	Retail 30~60%	 Areas with stable population, expected to support ongoing retail sales that result in secure rental income A long-term stable cash flow possible via lease agreements with a tenure of at least three years or more which do not allow for early termination
Stability	Other 0~20%	The potential and value of each individual property will be identified and the goal will be to conduct flexible property acquisition and investment

Investment Ratio by Location¹

Tokyo Metropolitan Area Approx. 50%	Regional Major Cities Approx. 40%	Other Approx. 10%
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Section 2 – Fiscal Period 1 Financial Results



Interim Forecast vs. Actual for the fiscal period ended February 2017 ("FP1")

Unit:	¥	mi
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	Interim forecast 14 November 2016	Actual 28 February 2017	Variance
Operating revenue	2,280	2,253	(27)
Operating expenses	1,315	1,194	(121)
Operating profit	965	1,059	94
Non-operating expenses	578	549	(29)
Ordinary profit	387	510	123
Net profit	387	509	122
Distribution per unit (DPU) (¥)	1,164	1,529	365

Major factors
Downtime due to tenant replacement
 Leasing fees to be expensed in FP2. Annual building inspection contingency not required. Savings in sales promotion cost
 Savings in investment unit issuance costs Interest cost lower than forecast

Forecast for the 2nd ("FP2") and 3rd ("FP3") fiscal periods ended August 2017 and February 2018

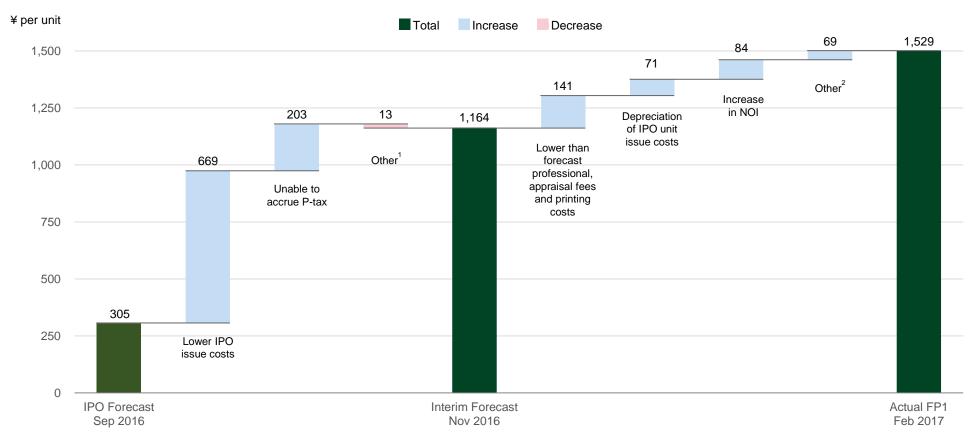
			Unit: ¥mil
	FP2 Forecast 31 August 2017	FP3 Forecast 28 February 2018	Variance
Operating revenue	2,428	2,441	13
Operating expenses	1,357	1,390	33
Operating profit	1,071	1,051	(20)
Non-operating expenses	137	151	14
Ordinary profit	934	900	(34)
Net profit	933	899	(34)
Distribution per unit (DPU) (¥)	2,803	2,700	(103)
Annualized DPU yield ¹	7.3%	7.1%	

Major factors
Contracted upward rent revisions, re-tenanting
 Waiver of Management fee based on NOI ends FP3
 Forecast additional interest cost associated with refinance of short term borrowings and extension of loan maturity profile



Primary Reasons for FP1 Variances

- Lower than forecast IPO issue costs
- IPO forecast had assumed accrual for P-tax in FP1
- Lower than forecast costs for audit, tax and accounting



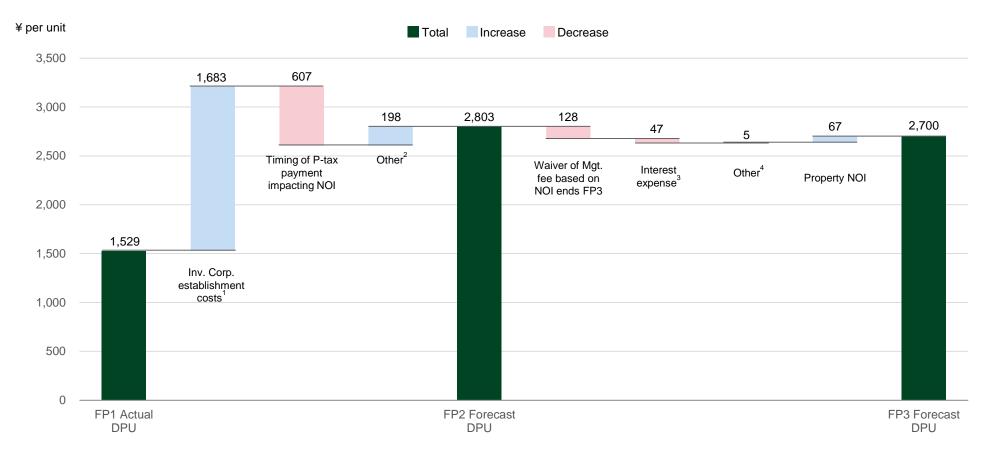


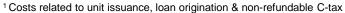
¹ Other: variances in forecast associated with tenant downtime, depreciation, security agency fee

² Other: variances in forecast associated with depreciation and non-refundable C-Tax

FP2 and PF3 Forecast Variances

- Forecast DPU in FP2 of ¥2,803 per unit and FP3 of ¥2,700 per unit
- Annualized DPU yield of 7.3% and 7.1%, for FP2 and FP3 respectively based on the closing price of ¥76,300 on 12 April 2017





² Includes variances in operating expenses, interest expense and depreciation

³ Increased interest expense associated with assumed 5 year extension of short term loan maturities in Aug 2017

⁴ Includes depreciation and other operating expenses

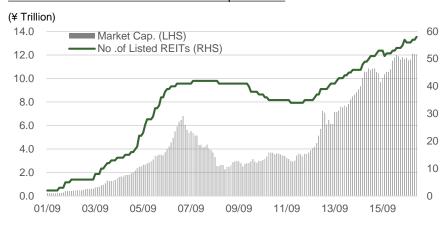
Section 3 – JREIT Sector & Peer Comparison



JREIT Sector

- Total market capitalization has increased 167% or ¥7.6 trillion since December 2012 and now exceeds ¥12 trillion
- 58 JREIT's with 7 new entrants in the past 12 months, the sector continues to benefit from strong investor support
- Although the TSE REIT Index is at a similar level vs June 2016, the DPU yield gap of larger vs smaller REIT's has widened significantly

Number of Listed J-REITs and Market Capitalisation¹



Number of Listed J-REITs and Market Capitalisation¹

IPO PO		0	IPO+PO		J-REIT Total			
		Volume	Value (USDm)	Volume	Value (USDm)	Volume	Value (USDm)	Market Cap (USDm)
	2012	4	2,462	11	1,931	15	4,393	39,940
	2013	6	4,004	37	6,615	43	10,619	67,384
	2014	6	2,103	30	5,137	36	7,240	93,614
	2015	5	1,063	35	6,210	40	7,247	93,454
	2016	7	2,712	30	4,849	37	7,560	107,286
	2017	1	400	10	1,477	11	1,877	106,791

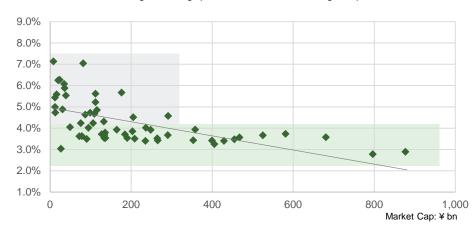
Note: As of 28 Feb 2017 (1 USD=¥113)

Sogo REIT

JREIT DPU Yields - Spread with JGBs still attractive²



JREIT DPU Yields - Significant gap between small and large cap REITs1



Source: Nomura Securities Co. Ltd. / SMBC Nikko Securities Inc.
 Source: Nomura Securities Co. Ltd.

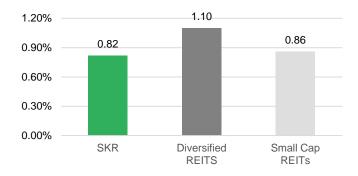
■ JREIT Peer Comparison¹

- Sakura Sogo REIT ("SKR") DPU yield 270 basis points ("bps") higher than Diversified REITs and 130 bps higher than Small Cap REITs²
- Based on current trading price SKR's implied NOI cap rate is 5.6%, 120 bps higher than Diversified REITs
- SKR has a greater proportion of its portfolio (by value) located in Tokyo's central five wards relative to:
 - The average for Diversified REITs
 - The average for Small Cap REITs

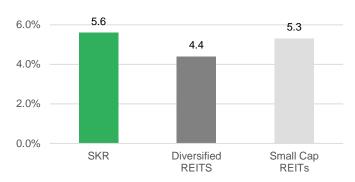
Annualised DPU Yield3



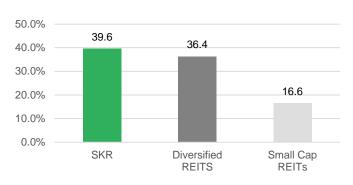
Price / Net Asset Value



Implied Capitalisation Rate



% of Portfolio located in Tokyo Central Five Wards



- ¹ Source: SMBC Nikko Securities Inc.
- ² Small Cap REITs defined as those with market capitalization less than ¥100 billion
- ³ Annualized DPU for SKR based on FP2 DPU and closing price of ¥76,300 on 12 April 2017. JREIT peers average DPU as at 30 March 2017.

Section 4 - Key Performance Indicators



Overview

Real estate market conditions remain robust

- Increase of 2.1% in portfolio appraisal value. Office +3.0% and Residential +2.4% were the strongest sectors
- Continued high level of occupancy across the portfolio
- Evidence of upward rent reviews in the office portfolio

Portfolio Value

	Appraisal Value (¥bn)	Book Value (¥bn)	Unrealized Gain (¥bn)
@ IPO 8 September 2016	58.258	57.838	0.420
@ FP1 28 February 2017	59.493	57.702	1.791
Variance	2.1%	0.2%	1.371



Hiei Kudan Building

Portfolio Performance

1 ortiono i circimanoc	Occupancy (%)	NOI Cap Rate (%)1	NOI (¥bn)¹
@ IPO 8 September 2016	97.7	5.4	3.141
@ FP1 28 February 2017	97.5	5.3	3.133
Variance	0.2	0.1	0.3%
Market Trends	Office Market Rents ²	Office Passing Rents ³	Tokyo Office Vacancy (%)4



Suroy Mall Chikushino

@ IPO 8 September 2016 @ FP1 28 February 2017 Variance

Office Market Rents ²
16,059
16,059
0.0%

Office Passing Rents ³
15,311
15,442
0.9%





NK Building

¹ As per independent appraisals dated February 2016 and February 2017

² Weighted average office market rents (¥/tsubo/month) as per independent appraisals dated February 2016 and February 2017

³ Weighted average office passing rent (¥/tsubo/month) as per independent appraisals dated February 2016 and February 2017

⁴ Source: CBRE Market Overview Japan Office Q3 2016 and Q4 2016

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Occupancy (%)		Office	Retail	Residential	Other
	@ IPO 8 September 2016	98.4	98.0	95.0	100.0
	@ FP1 28 February 2017	94.3	98.9	94.6	99.7
	Variance	4.1	0.9	0.4	0.3
Passing Rents ¹		Office	Retail	Residential	Other
	@ IPO 8 September 2016	15,459	4,430	4,618	4,543
	@ FP1 28 February 2017	15,467	4,432	4,611	4,545
	Variance	0.1% 👚	0.0% 👄	0.1% 👢	0.0%
Appraisal Values	¥bn) ²	Office	Retail	Residential	Other
	@ IPO 8 September 2016	24.940	22.880	6.499	3.939
	@ FP1 28 February 2017	25.700	23.120	6.654	4.019
	Variance	3.0%	1.0% 👚	2.4% 👚	2.0% 👚
NOI Cap Rates (%)2	Office	Retail	Residential	Other
	@ IPO 8 September 2016	4.6	5.8	6.5	6.1
	@ FP1 28 February 2017	4.5	5.7	6.3	6.0

0.1

0.1

Variance

0.1

0.2

¹ ¥ per tsubo per montl

² As per independent appraisals dated February 2016 and February 2017

Office Rent Reviews

Number of leases renewed	17
	·

Number of rent reviews	7

Number of rent increases	7
INGINIDE OF TOTAL INCIDENCES	•

Average rent increase (%)	11.6
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% of office portfolio reviewed	5.9
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Seishin Building

Hiei Kudan Building

Azabu Amerex Building

Strategic Capital Expenditure

Shin Yokohama Nara Building

- LED lighting installed in the 1F lobby
- Occupancy prior to works 87.0%, current occupancy 100.0%
- Electricity costs down approximately 3.0%



Shin Yokohama Nara Building

After



Overview

- LTV 48.0% at 28 February 2017. Adjusted for forecast repayment of ¥1.9 bn of short term borrowings in August 2017, LTV restated would be 46.0%
- NAV per unit increased 4.6% due to an uplift in appraisal values

Balance Sheet

	LTV (%)	Ave. loan maturity (years)	Total Liabilities (¥bn)
@ IPO 8 September 2016	48.9	2.79	33.93
@ FP1 28 February 2017	48.0	2.32	34.63
Variance	0.9	0.47	2.1%
	Net Equity (¥bn)	NAV (¥per unit)	Total Assets (¥bn)
@ IPO 8 September 2016	29.25	89,113	63.19
	29.25 29.25	89,113 93,229	63.19 64.39
8 September 2016 @ FP1			



Shin Yokohama Nara



Royal Hill Sannomiya

Confomall Sapporo

Investment Units

nent Units			
	Unit Price (¥ per unit)	Annualized DPU yield (%)	P/NAV
@ IPO 8 September 2016	79,200¹	6.32	0.89
12 April 2017	76,300	7.33	0.82
Variance	3.7%	1.0	7.9%

¹ Closing price on the first day trading on TSE

² Stabilized DPU yield based on IPO issue price of ¥91,000 and FP2 Forecast at IPO of ¥2,863

³ Annualized DPU yield based on FP2 forecast DPU of ¥2,803 and closing price on 12 April 2017 of ¥76,300

At February 28, 2017

praised value ¥m 59,493
pr

Average NOI yield %¹ 5.5

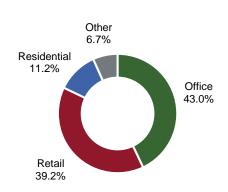
Average occupancy % 97.5

Total book value ¥m 57,702

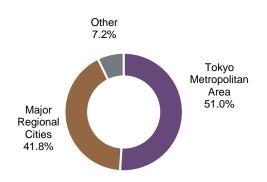
Average NOI yield post depreciation $\%^{\text{1}} - 4.6$

Portfolio Diversification

■ Investment Ratio by Asset Type



■ Investment Ratio by Location



Lease type (by income)

Standard Japanese leases %	53.4
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Long term leases %	46.6

WALE² of long term leases (years) 5.4



¹ Calculated based on 9 September 2016 acquisition price

² Weighted average lease term to expiry

Section 5 - Management Key Priorities



External Growth

- Identifying investment opportunities off market via sponsor relationships
- Add to existing pipeline support network (currently 5)
- Foster relationships with mid scale developers that are not aligned with JREITs

Enhance Unitholder

Value



Capital Management

- Explore opportunities to recycle assets which can:
- Increase distributions and,
- Enhance portfolio characteristics
- Carefully manage borrowings to mitigate maturity risk and minimize ongoing cost of debt
 - Cumulative investment scheme for the Asset Management Company Directors and Employees to further align interest with unitholders

Internal Growth

- Actively pursue growth
- Upward rent reviews particularly in office
- Explore opportunities to create new revenue streams
- Utilize the expertise of Nippon Kanzai to ensure buildings are well maintained while minimizing costs
- Strategic capital expenditure initiatives to:
- Maintain high occupancy
- Minimize downtime on vacant space
- Enhance prospects of current and future rent reviews

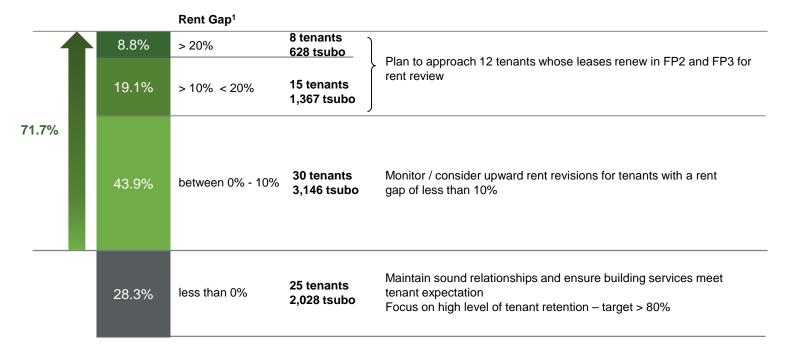


Part A - Internal Growth Initiatives



Office

- Successful track record of achieving rent increases in office assets
- Average uplift of 11.6% for office rent reviews in FP1
- Based on independent appraisals over 70% of office floor space is at or below assessed market rent









¹ Average passing rent vs. assessed market rent from independent appraisal dated 28 February 2017

Retail

La Park Kishiwada

Conversion Opportunity

- Vacant storage area has been successfully converted to office use leading to additional (higher) revenue
- Potential to convert additional vacant storage area to generate higher revenue (¥4m p.a.)

Residential

Shiroi Logiman

Renovation Works

- Replaced carpet with wood flooring
- Resulting in an increase in average passing rents
- Actual vs. forecast downtime was reduced



Before



After

La Park Kishiwada

2F Tenant Repositioning

Introduction of a well known national apparel retailer and a major Kansai area based book store to achieve the following:

- improve overall retail offer
- increase appeal to young and family shoppers
- expected to increase foot traffic leading to higher sales potential for 2F existing tenants and the shopping center over all.

Shiroi Logiman

Model Room

- A model room was established to show prospective tenants sample fixture and room layout
- Has been helpful in maintaining high occupancy



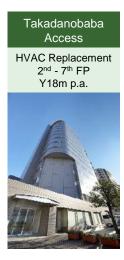




Office: Strategic Capital Expenditure

- Nippon Kanzai Group has undertaken extensive review of building services
- Nippon Kanzai Group is coordinating replacement of HVAC systems with the key objectives as follows:
 - High rate of tenant retention
 - Attract new tenants to minimize any downtime due to vacancy
 - Ensure building services meet tenant expectations to optimize rent review outcomes

Seishin Building HVAC Replacement 2nd - 9th FP Y55m p.a.







Explore new revenue streams and cost reduction

- Promote actions to increase revenue such as installing rooftop telcom antennas, introducing bento trucks during lunch hours at office properties
 - Potential to generate additional revenue of approx. ¥600,000 p.a. per building
- Reduce costs by updating facility equipment such as LED lighting and HVAC







Part B - External Growth Initiatives



Pipeline Support Agreements

- Enhance investment opportunities through direct channels
- Pipeline Support Agreements will provide preferred negotiation rights for SKR
- At IPO three Pipeline Support Agreements were entered into by the Nippon Kanzai Group
- During FP1 two more were entered into by the Asset Management Company
 - Liv-Group and,
 - Real estate developer listed on TSE (confidentiality required)

Examples of Liv-Group recent developments



Chuo-ward Tokyo



Adachi-ward Tokyo



Kawasaki City Kanagawa prefecture



Saitama City Saitama prefecture

Other initiatives

- Actively looking to foster relationships with mid scale developers
- Ongoing review of acquisition opportunities including 6 sourced directly without broker introduction



Medium-term Goal of Asset Size

Planning for capital increase through public Reinforcing IR Securing sourcing routes Improving debt financing offering and abroad Warehousing Achieve a scale of 150 through pipeline conditions (reducing functions through billion yen agreements with outside costs and extending bridge finance within 5 years collaborators. borrowing periods) Obtain credit rating with the enhancement of financial base and proven track record (¥ bn) 150 150.0 120 90 60 57.3 30 0 As of listing Within 5 years

Part C - Capital Management

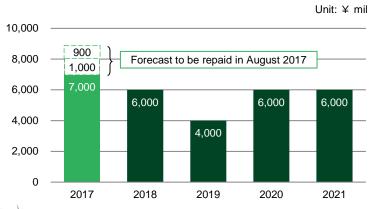


Priorities and Initiatives

Short term loan maturities

- Plan to repay ¥1.0 bn consumption tax loan in August 2017 with c-tax refund
- Plan to repay ¥0.9 bn in August 2017 with surplus operating cash
- Stabilized borrowings following these repayments equates to ¥29.0 bn (stabilized LTV of 46%)
- Currently discussing terms for refinance of ¥7.0 bn loan maturity in August 2017 with syndicate lenders
- Intention to pursue a refinance that will extend the existing average loan maturity profile to exceed 3 years
- Strong focus on achieving optimal balance between duration of borrowings, maturity profile and proportion of fixed vs floating

Summary of Loan Maturities

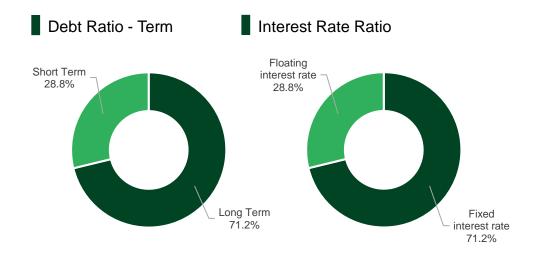


Explore recycling of assets / swaps

- Selectively consider asset sales and/or swaps where attractive reinvestment opportunities have been identified
- Primary objective to achieve the following:
 - Growth in DPU
 - Enhanced stability and/or growth in revenues
 - Improved overall portfolio characteristics

Alignment of interest with unitholders

- Introduced Cumulative Investment Scheme for Directors and Employees of SREFM or the Asset Manager
- Approximately 30% of the asset management fees that the Asset Manager receives are linked to NOI
- Incentive bonuses for all staff are directly linked to the performance of SKR

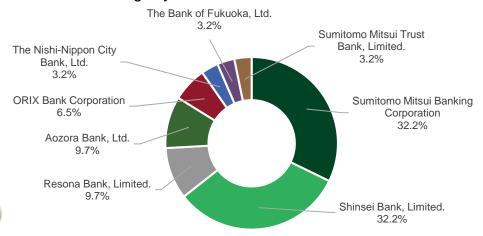


Borrowings

	Lender	Loan amount (¥ mil) 28-Feb-17	Forecast repayment (¥ mil) 31-Aug-17	Forecast roll over (¥ mil) 31-Aug-17	Forecast balance (¥ mil) 31-Aug-17	Interest rate	Maturity date
01		4,900	1,900	3,000	3,000	Base Rate +0.2% (floating)	31-Aug-17
Short-term	A Syndicate of lenders with Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	4,000	-	4,000	4,000	Base Rate +0.2% (floating)	31-Aug-17
	(Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation, Shinsei Bank, Limited, Resona Bank, Limited, Aozora Bank, Ltd., ORIX Bank Corporation, The Nishi-Nippon City Bank, Ltd., The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd, Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited)	6,000	-	-	6,000	0.62473% (fixed)	31-Aug-18
Long torm		4,000	-	-	4,000	0.71096% (fixed)	30-Aug-19
Long-term		6,000	-	-	6,000	0.81842% (fixed)	31-Aug-20
		6,000	-	-	6,000	0.93842% (fixed)	31-Aug-21
	Total	30,900	1,900	7,000	29,000		

Collateral: Unsecured and unguaranteed

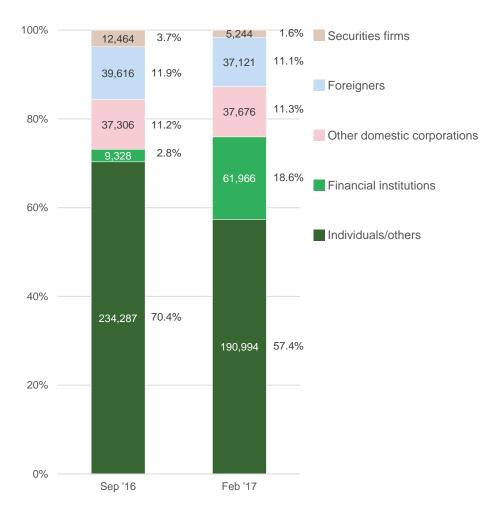
Balance of Borrowings by Lender



Loan cost and duration (at 28 February 2017)

Weighted average cost (%)	0.82
Average duration (Years)	2.32

No. of Investment Units by Investor Type



Main Unitholders

at 28 February 2017

Rank	Name	Number of Units Owned	Percentage Share (%) ¹
1	Japan Trustee Service Bank, Ltd.	22.555	6.77
2	JP Morgan Bank (Ireland) Plc 380423	12,814	3.85
3	The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd.	11,899	3.57
4	Trust & Custody Services Bank, Ltd. (Securities Investment Trust Account)	11,689	3.51
5	The Nomura Trust and Banking Co., Ltd. (Investment account))	11,598	3.48
6	Galaxy JREIT Pty. Ltd.	8,700	2.61
6	Nippon Kanzai Co., Ltd.	8,700	2.61
8	Credit Suisse Securities (Europe) Ltd. PB Omnibus Client Account	6,802	2.04
9	Sekai Shindokyo	5,410	1.63
10	Barclays Capital Securities Ltd.	2,507	0.75

¹ Percentage share is the number of units owned expressed as a percentage of total investment units issued (rounded down to second decimal place).



Appendix



Balance Sheet at 28 February 2017

	Unit: ¥ mil
Assets	0.574
Current assets	6,571
Cash and deposits	1,062
Cash and deposits in trust	4,147
Other	1,362
Non-current assets	57,828
Property, plant and equipment	57,031
Investments and other assets	797
Total assets	64,399
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	9,515
Operating accounts payable	220
Short-term loans payable	8,900
Accounts payable – other	19
Advances received	372
Other	4
Non-current liabilities	25,120
Long-term loans payable	22,000
Tenant leasehold and security deposits in trust	3,120
Total liabilities	34,635
Total unitholders' equity	29,764
Unitholders' capital	29,255
Surplus	509
Total net assets	29,764
Total liabilities and equity	64,399

Statement of Income

	Unit: ¥mil
Operating revenue	2,253
Leasing business revenue	1,979
Other leasing business revenue	274
Operating expenses	1,194
Expenses related to rent business	834
Asset management fee	108
Asset custody fee/Administrative service	e fees 23
Directors' compensation	11
Other operating expenses	218
Operating profit	1,059
Non-operating expenses	548
Interest expenses	90
Depreciation of deferred organization ex	xpenses 51
Investment unit issuance expenses	169
Borrowing related expenses	237
Ordinary profit (loss)	511
Net profit (loss) before income taxes	511
Net profit (loss)	509
Unappropriated retained earnings (undispose	ed loss) 509



Unit: ¥'000

	OF-01	OF-02	OF-03	OF-04	OF-05	OF-06	OF-07	RT-01	RT-02
	Seishin Building	NK Building	Tsukasamachi Building	Takadanobaba Access	Azabu Amerex Building	Hiei Kudan Building	Shin Yokohama Nara Building	La Park Kishiwada	Suroy Mall Chikushino
Operating revenue from real estate leasing	215,413	116,130	101,457	76,735	62,392	63,388	72,999	487,084	284,927
Leasing business revenue	193,303	105,032	89,462	61,929	58,499	61,118	59,947	390,930	281,251
Other Leasing business revenue	22,109	11,098	11,995	14,806	3,893	2,270	13,051	96,154	3,676
Operating expenses from real estate leasing	28,414	22,580	13,974	29,150	11,955	11,693	20,734	242,320	51,656
Management fees	13,803	12,222	6,787	19,116	7,943	10,474	13,550	125,104	34,777
Utilities expenses	12,146	8,707	5,815	6,615	3,279	28	5,930	105,114	3,721
Insurance premium	224	148	140	168	85	125	155	1,167	636
Repair & Maintenance	1,084	601	241	2,139	188	247	15	4,987	1,951
Trust Fees	718	718	718	715	359	718	718	1,754	718
Other expenses	437	181	271	395	99	98	364	4,191	9,850 ¹
Leasing NOI	186,999	93,550	87,483	47,585	50,437	51,695	52,265	244,764	233,271
Depreciation	10,998	5,531	6,614	7,295	2,135	2,607	7,386	38,268	35,677
Operating income (loss) from real estate leasing	176,000	88,018	80,868	40,289	48,301	49,088	44,878	206,495	197,593



Unit: ¥'000

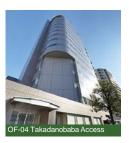
	RT-03	RT-04	RS-01	RS-02	RS-03	RS-04	OT-01	OT-02	OT-03
	Seiyu Minakuchi	Suroy Mall Nagamine	Shiroi Logiman	Matsuya Residence Sekime	Royal Hill Kobe Sannomiya II	Urban Plaza Imazato	Funabashi Hi- Tech Park Hidan	Funabashi Hi- Tech Park Factory	Confomall Sapporo
Operating revenue from real estate leasing	Non-disclosure	165,560	130,305	80,853	56,097	37,685	Non-disclosure	Non-disclosure	68,041
Leasing business revenue	Non-disclosure	135,639	121,824	74,672	51,955	35,799	Non-disclosure	Non-disclosure	58,379
Other Leasing business revenue	Non-disclosure	29,921	8,480	6,181	4,142	1,886	Non-disclosure	Non-disclosure	9,662
Operating expenses from real estate leasing	23,361	45,967	41,204	20,556	13,610	8,496	1,799	10,845	18,381
Management fees	5,790	15,658	25,126	12,061	8,228	5,082	950	9,873	6,244
Utilities expenses	0	22,153	2	2,377	1,607	490	0	133	9,941
Insurance premium	496	250	599	240	145	114	114	60	264
Repair & Maintenance	310	6,209	12,463	5,101	2,863	2,134	0	0	653
Trust Fees	715	718	1,197	359	359	359	718	718	718
Other expenses	16,048 ¹	976	1,815	416	406	313	16	59	558
Leasing NOI	Non-disclosure	119,593	89,100	60,297	42,487	29,189	Non-disclosure	Non-disclosure	49,660
Depreciation	41,792	17,492	18,655	9,543	11,552	5,423	9,291	2,991	12,877
Operating income (loss) from real estate leasing	Non-disclosure	102,101	70,444	50,753	30,934	23,766	Non-disclosure	Non-disclosure	36,782





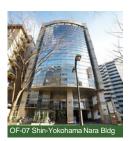




























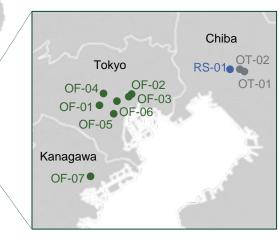












at 28 February 2017

Asset Type						Retail				
No.	OF-01	OF-02	OF-03	OF-04	OF-05	OF-06	OF-07	RT-01	RT-02	RT-03
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Property Name	Seishin Building	NK Building	Tsukasamachi Building	Takadanobaba Access	Azabu Amerex Building	Hiei Kudan Building	Shin Yokohama Nara Building	La Park Kishiwada	Suroy Mall Chikushino	Seiyu Minakuchi
Address	Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	Minato-ku, Tokyo	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo	Kohoku-ku, Yokohama	Kishiwada, Osaka	Chikushino, Kyushu	Minakuchi, Shiga
Appraisal @ IPO (¥bn)	7,960	3,780	3,860	3,370	2,050	1,990	1,930	6,510	7,810	4,240
Appraisal @ FP1 (¥bn)	8,360	3,860	3,910	3,430	2,140	2,050	1,950	6,600	7,820	4,240
NOI Yield @ IPO (%)	4.2%	4.6%	4.6%	4.8%	4.4%	4.9%	5.6%	6.1%	5.6%	6.0%
NOI Yield @ FP1 (%)	4.0%	4.5%	4.6%	4.7%	4.2%	4.7%	5.5%	5.9%	5.6%	6.0%
NOI Yield @ IPO post depr (%)	3.9%	4.3%	4.3%	4.4%	4.2%	4.7%	4.8%	5.0%	4.7%	4.0%
NOI Yield @ PF1 post depr (%)	3.8%	4.2%	4.2%	4.3%	4.0%	4.5%	4.7%	4.7%	4.7%	4.0%

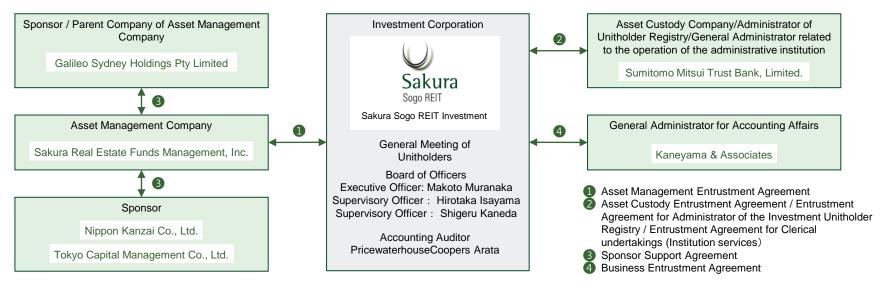


at 28 February 2017

Asset Type	Retail		Resid	ential			Other		
No.	RT-04	RS-01	RS-02	RS-03	RS-04	OT-01	OT-02	OT-03	
			The state of the s			S now			Total (18 properties)
Property Name	Suroy Mall Nagamine	Shiroi Logiman	Matsuya Residence Sekime	Royal Hill Kobe Sannomiya II	Urban Plaza Imazato	Funabashi Hi-Tech Park Hidan	Funabashi Hi-Tech Park	Confomall Sapporo	
Address	Kumamoto City, Kumamoto	Shiroi City, Chiba	Osaka City, Osaka	Kobe City, Hyogo	Osaka City, Osaka	Funabashi City, Chiba	Funabashi City, Chiba	Sapporo City, Hokkaido	
Appraisal @ IPO (¥bn)	4,320	2,190	1,850	1,500	959	1,760	749	1,430	58,258
Appraisal @ FP1 (¥bn)	4,460	2,210	1,910	1,550	984	1,800	779	1,440	59,493
NOI Yield @ IPO (%)	5.6%	7.4%	6.5%	5.5%	6.1%	6.3%	6.4%	5.8%	5.4%
NOI Yield @ FP1 (%)	5.6%	7.2%	6.4%	5.3%	5.9%	6.1%	6.2%	5.6%	5.3%
NOI Yield @ IPO post depr (%)	4.8%	5.7%	5.5%	4.0%	5.0%	5.2%	5.5%	4.0%	4.6%
NOI Yield @ PF1 post depr (%)	4.8%	5.5%	5.4%	3.8%	4.8%	5.1%	5.4%	3.8%	4.4%



Schematic Diagram of the Investment Corporation's Structure



Overview of Asset Management Company

Trade Name Sakura Real Estate Funds Management, Inc.

Date of Incorporation July 7, 2015

Stated Capital 101.52 million yen

Shareholder Composition Galaxy JREIT Pty Limited 50%

Tokyo Capital Management Co., Ltd. 50%

(based on voting rights: Galaxy JREIT Pty Limited 100%)

Principal Lines of Business Discretionary Investment Business,

management of Investment Corporation's assets

Officers 6 Directors (2 Full-time Directors), 1 Statutory Auditor

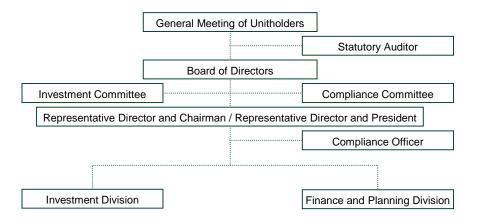
Financial Instrument Business Reg. No.: Director of Kanto Local Finance Bureau (FI) No. 2907

Registration Member of Investment Trusts Association, Japan

Real estate agency business license License No.: Tokyo Metropolitan Governor (1) No. 98232

Approval as Entrustment - Based Approval No.: Minister of Land, Infrastructure,

Agency Services for Transactions Transport and Tourism No. 100



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